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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/007,644	11/06/2001	Kevin C. Hutton	GOLDENH.003A 9966	
20995 KNORRE MA	7590 06/28/2007 TENS OLSON & BEAR LLP			
2040 MAIN STREET			LE, LINH GIANG	
FOURTEENTH FLOOR IRVINE, CA 92614			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
ŕ			3626	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			06/28/2007	ELECTRONIC

# Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

jcartee@kmob.com eOAPilot@kmob.com

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Commons		10/007,644	HUTTON ET AL.			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Michelle Linh-Giang Le	3626			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app r Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
WHIC - Exten after 1 - If NO - Failur Any re	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY HEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DASIONS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, eply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing of patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	I. lely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status		•				
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on					
•	•	_· action is non-final.				
	<del>-</del>					
٥/ك	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Dispositi	on of Claims					
4)🛛	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-11</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5)	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-11</u> is/are rejected.	•				
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.				
Applicati	on Papers					
9) 🔲 -	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) □ accepted or b) □ objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) 🔲 -	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119	•				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
	application from the International Bureau		,			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment	K(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Notice of Informal Patent Application						
	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date <u>100206,022807,040307</u> .	6) Other:	atent Application			

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

# Notice to Applicant

1. The communication is in response to interview held on 22 March 2007. The finality of the previous rejection has been withdrawn.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-3, 5-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being obvious by Sloane (5,911,132) in view of Hanson (6,868,074).
- 4. As per claim 1, Sloane teaches a computerized integrated emergency medical transportation database system (Sloane; Abstract). The system comprises a medical emergency database configured to store clinical encounter information, patient demographic data, and transport information (Sloane; Col. 1, lines 48-59). Sloane does not expressly teach a demographic audit module in communication with the medical emergency database.

Sloane does not expressly teach the demographic audit module configured to determine whether sufficient patent demographic data exists in the medical emergency

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database and to search other databases in an attempt to obtain missing demographic

information. However, these features are well known in the art as evidenced by

Hanson. In particular, Hanson teaches the data device first searching for existence of

data in the internal database (Hanson; Col. 4, lines 42-45) and then if the data does not

exist in the data device contacting another centralized database (Hanson; Col. 4, lines

51-56). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to add these

features to the Sloane teachings with the motivation of enabling automatic transmission

of user characteristics that will aid in medical triage, diagnosis and treatment (Hanson;

Col. 2, lines 49-50).

5. As per claim 2, Sloane does not expressly teach the demographic audit module

is additionally configured to document one or more attempts to obtain any missing

demographic information. However, this is an obvious variant of the Sloane teachings.

Sloane does teach a daemon scanning the records looking for incomplete transactions

and then sending an e-mail to obtain the missing information (Sloane; Col. 7, lines 65-

67). It would have been obvious to vary this teaching of Sloane with the motivation of

providing useful diagnostic information to physicians or other health care professionals

(Sloane; Col. 1, line 65 to Col. 2, line 2).

6. As per claim 3, Sloane fails to teach the demographic audit module is additionally

configured to apply modifiable data collection rules associated with a payer type to

determine whether sufficient patient demographic data exists in the medical emergency

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database. However, this feature is well known as evidenced by Hanson. In particular, Hanson teaches comparing the distance between the location and the nearest emergency provider. If it is within a certain distance, the device determines the protocol (Hanson; Col. 4, lines 45-50). Examiner interprets the comparing of the distance and determining if it is within a certain distance to read on a "modifiable data collection rule." It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to add these features to the Sloane teachings with the motivation of enabling automatic transmission of user characteristics that will aid in medical triage, diagnosis and treatment (Hanson; Col. 2, lines 49-50).

7. As per claim 5, Sloane teaches a method of auditing demographic data in an integrated emergency medical transportation database system (Sloane; Col. 7, lines 60-64). Sloane teaches a method comprised of collecting at least clinical encounter information, patient demographic information and transport information into a medical emergency database (Sloane; Col. 1, lines 48-59) and recording attempts to obtain missing demographic information (Sloane; Col. 7, lines 65-67).

However, Sloane fails to teach applying a modifiable data collection rules associated with a payer type to determine whether sufficient patient demographic data exists in the medical emergency database. This is the same feature is recited in claim 3 and the reason for rejection is incorporated herein.

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- 8. As per claim 6, Sloane discloses a method where in the other databases are located within the emergency medical transportation database system (Sloane; Col. 6 line 54).
- 9. As per claim 7, Sloane discloses a method wherein other databases are external to the emergency medical transportation database system and can be accessed via a network (Sloane; Col. 2 line 64 to Col. 3 line 16).
- 10. As per claim 8-9, Sloane in view of Hanson discloses an integrated emergency medical transportation database system having a data accuracy filter module with the same limitations and features as the demographic audit module as disclosed in claims 1-2 and 4 and the reasons for rejection are incorporated herein.
- 11. As per claim 10, the same feature of applying a data collection rule to determine whether sufficient data exists in the database is recited in claim 3 and the above reason for rejection is incorporated herein.
- 12. Claims 4 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being obvious by Sloane (5,911,132) in view of Hanson (6,868,074) in further view of Kessler (2001/0034618).
- 13. As per claim 4, Sloane does not expressly teach the system additionally comprised of a billing module in communication with the medical emergency database, the billing module receiving data from the demographic audit module. However, this

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feature is well known in the art as evidenced by Kessler. Kessler teaches a Health Care Payment and Compliance System (HCPACS) (Kessler; Pg. 5, para. 102). Examiner interprets the HCPACS to read on a "billing module." It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to add this feature to Sloane with the motivation of simplifying and accelerating the process of providing health care to beneficiaries (Kessler; Pg. 1, Para. 10).

14. Claim 11 repeats the limitations of claim 4 and the reasons for rejection are incorporated herein.

### Conclusion

15. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Linh-Giang "Michelle" Le whose telephone number is 571-272-8207. The examiner can normally be reached on 8 AM - 5PM, M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Joseph Thomas can be reached on 571-272-6776. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For

more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Robert Morgan Robert Morgan Patent Examiner

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